# European Beer Star 2023

# **Category Description**



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Special Free-Style Beer

# **01** German-Style Leichtbier



## **Analytics**

Original gravity: 6.0 - 9.5 °Plato

Apparent extract: 1.5 - 2.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 2.0 - 3.0 % by weight

2.0 - 3.5 % by volume

Bitterness: 14 - 28 IBU

# **Description**

Bottom fermented

Light body

Malt character: low to medium

Hop bitterness: low to medium

Hop flavour and aroma: low to medium

No fruity esters or Diacetyl

Turbidity allowed

# **02** German-Style Pilsner



### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 12.9 °Plato

Apparent extract: 1.5 - 3.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.6 - 4.3 % by weight

4.0 - 5.5 % by volume

Bitterness: 25 - 50 IBU

# **Description**

Bottom fermented

Colour: light straw to golden

Hop bitterness: high

Hop flavour and aroma: moderate, fine, quite obvious

However, the aroma may not be characterized by the utilization of aromatic hops by dry

hopping

Attenuation degree: high

Body: medium to light

Flavour and aroma: little residual sweetness

No fruity esters or Diacetyl

Dense and rich foam

Beer is filtered



# **03** Bohemian-Style Pale Lager ("Ležák")

### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 12.9 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.5 - 4.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.1 - 4.3 % by weight

4.0 - 5.5 % by volume

Bitterness: 20 - 40 IBU

#### Typical Examples:

- o Bohemian-Style Pilsner
- o Bohemian Style Lager
- Světlé Ležák

## **Description**

Bottom fermented

Colour: rich yellow to deep gold

Distinguishable body (more than German-Style Pilsner)

Hop bitterness: high and balanced

Hop flavour and aroma: moderate

Malty, slightly sweet, medium body

Diacetyl: low amount acceptable

Dense and rich foam

**Turbidity allowed** 



# 04 Bohemian-Style Session Lager ("Výčepní")

### <u>Analytics</u>

Original gravity: 7 - 10,9°Plato

Apparent extract: 1.8 - 3°Plato

Alcohol: 3.0 - 3.6 % by weight

3.5 - 4.0 % by volume

Bitterness: 20 - 40 IBU

#### Typical Examples:

- Světlé Výčepní
- Tmavé Výčepní
- o Polotmavé Výčepní

## **Description**

**Bottom fermented** 

Colour: golden to dark brown

A lighter, refreshing everyday version of a Bohemian Lager with less intensity.

Due to the lower original gravity, less body and alcohol.

A pale colour version (Světlé) has less sweetness, while the dark version (Tmavé) has clear sweet and dark malt flavours.

Hop bitterness: low to medium and very balanced

Fine and restrained hop aromas

Small amounts of Diacetyl permitted

Very good and dense foam

Turbidity is allowed





### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 13.0 - 14.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 3.0 - 5.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 4.3 - 5.0 % by weight

5.2 - 6.7 % by volume

Bitterness: 18 - 28 IBU

# **Description**

Bottom fermented

Colour: amber hue

Full-bodied. Emphasis on malt, sweet maltiness

Malt character: slightly roasted rather than strongly caramel

(though a low level of light caramel is acceptable)

Flavour and aroma: slight bread or biscuit-like malt character

Hop flavour and aroma: low but noticeable and clean

No fruity esters or Diacetyl

Beer is filtered



# **06** German-Style Festbier

## **Analytics**

Original gravity: 13.0 - 14.5 °Plato

Apparent extract: 3.0 - 5.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 4.3 - 5.0 % by weight

5.2 - 6.7 % by volume

Bitterness: 18 - 35 IBU

# **Description**

**Bottom fermented** 

Colour: golden

Body: medium

Malt character: clean, slightly sweet

Flavour and aroma: slight bread or biscuit-like malt character

Hop bitterness: clean

Hop flavour and aroma: low but noticeable

No fruity esters or Diacetyl

Beer is filtered

# **07** German-Style Helles



### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 11.9 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 3.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.7 - 4.1 % by weight

4.5 - 5.2 % by volume

Bitterness: 15 - 25 IBU

## **Description**

Bottom fermented

Colour: straw to golden

Bitterness: low to medium

Body: medium, emphasis on malt

Low levels of sulphur components caused by yeast are acceptable

Hop bitterness and flavour is low and balanced with the malt in order to keep the typical

characteristics

No caramel character

No fruity esters or Diacetyl

Beer is filtered

# **08** Austrian-Style Märzen



## **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.4 - 12.2 °Plato

Apparent extract: 1.5 - 2.9 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.7 - 4.2 % by weight

4.5 - 5.4 % by volume

Bitterness: 17 - 25 IBU

## **Description**

#### Bottom fermented

The use of up to 25 percent unmalted barley or other adjuncts is permitted, but usually not common. The Austrian-Style Märzen tends to have slightly more hop character. It is less malty and slightly fruity, when compared to the Bavarian Helles.

Colour: golden

Bitterness: low

Body: medium, malty

Hop bitterness and flavour is low and balanced with the malt in order to keep the typical

characteristics

No caramel character

No Diacetyl notes

Beer is filtered

# **09** International-Style Lager



## **Analytics**

Original gravity: 9.6 - 11.5 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 3.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.2 - 3.9 % by weight

3.6 - 4.7 % by volume

Bitterness: 10 - 15 IBU

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# **Description**

**Bottom fermented** 

Colour: straw yellow to golden

Bitterness: very low

Body: light to medium, slightly malty

Taste: neutral, slightly sweet

No caramel character

No fruity esters or Diacetyl

Beer is filtered

No chill-haze

Filtered Lager beers with the nomenclature "Hell" need to be submitted in category 7.

# **10** New-Style Lager



#### **Analytics**

Typical Examples:

o Italian-Style Pilsner

Original gravity: 11.0 - 15.9 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 3.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.6 - 6.2 by weight

4.0 - 7.8 by volume

Bitterness: 25 - 70 IBU

## **Description**

**Bottom fermented** 

Colour: straw yellow to black

Bitterness: high

Hop aroma: intense

The overall aroma should be characterized by hop aroma; the origin of the hop varieties has no restriction. The use of hops in the cold part of the brewery ("dry hopped") is expressly desired

Degree of fermentation: high

Body: light to medium

Low residual sweetness

No Diacetyl

Turbidity allowed

In order to facilitate sensory evaluation, it is necessary for the brewery to provide additional information about the beer when submitting the entry:

• Indication of the type of beer

# **11** German-Style Export



## **Analytics**

Original gravity: 12.0 - 14.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.3 - 3.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 4.0 - 4.8 % by weight

5.0 - 6.7 % by volume

Bitterness: 18 - 30 IBU

# **Description**

Bottom fermented

Colour: straw to deep golden

Hop bitterness: medium

Hop flavour and aroma: noticeable but low

Malt character: slightly sweet, no caramel

Body: medium

No fruity esters or Diacetyl

Beer is filtered

# **12** German-Style Dunkel



### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 14.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 4.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.5 - 4.7 % by weight

4.5 - 5.9 % by volume

Bitterness: 15 - 25 IBU

Colour: 40 - 60 EBC

## **Description**

**Bottom fermented** 

Colour: medium to dark brown

Malt aroma: strong

Hop bitterness: clean and balanced

A classic European-Style dark should have chocolate-like, bread- or biscuit-like aroma caused by the use of Munich dark malt. A small percentage of chocolate or roast malts may be used

Hop flavour and aroma: low but noticeable

No fruity esters or Diacetyl

Beer is filtered

# 13 German-Style Schwarzbier



## **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 13.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 4.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.5 - 4.7 % by weight

4.5 - 5.9 % by volume

Bitterness: 22 - 32 IBU

Colour: > 60 EBC

## **Description**

Bottom fermented

Colour: dark brown to almost black

Aroma: light to medium roasted notes desired, as well as light coffee-like aromas and licorice

notes

Malt flavour and aroma: clean, low sweetness

Hop bitterness: low to medium

Hop flavour and aroma: low but noticeable

No fruity esters or Diacetyl notes

# **14** Bohemian-Style Dark Lager



## **Analytics**

Original gravity: 10,0 - 13.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 4.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.1 - 4.4 % by weight

4.0 - 5.8 % by volume

Bitterness: 18 - 30 IBU

Colour: > 60 EBC

## **Description**

Bottom fermented

Colour: almost black to deep black

Malt: roast malt with the characteristic bitterness

Malt flavour and aroma: clean, slightly sweet

Hop bitterness: low to medium

Hop flavour and aroma: slightly noticeable

No fruity esters

Diacetyl: low amount acceptable

**Typical Examples:** 

- Bohemian-Style Dark
- o **Tmavé Ležák**

# 15 German-Style Heller Bock



#### **Analytics**

Typical Examples:

o Maibock

Original gravity: 16.0 - 17.9 °Plato

Apparent extract: 3.0 - 5.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 5.2 - 6.4 % by weight

6.2 - 8.0 % by volume

Colour: < 29 EBC

# **Description**

**Bottom fermented** 

Colour: straw yellow to light brown

Maibock should be registered in this category

Malt aroma and flavour: noticeable

Body: full to medium, high alcohol content

Hop bitterness: medium

Hop flavour and aroma: low to medium

Fruity esters: low

Diacetyl: not noticeable or very low

Please note the colour- and alcohol ranges in this category!

# **16** German-Style Dunkler Bock



### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 16.0 - 17.9 °Plato

Apparent extract: 3.5 - 6.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 5.0 - 6.4 % by weight

6.2 - 8.0 % by volume

Colour:  $\geq$  30 EBC

# **Description**

**Bottom fermented** 

Colour: light brown to black

Malt character: dominant but not too sweet

Full body

No astringent roast malt character

High alcohol content

Hop bitterness and flavour: rather low

Fruity esters: low to medium

Please note the colour and alcohol ranges for this category!

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# 17 German-Style Heller Doppelbock

### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 18.0 - 22.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 3.5 - 5.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 5.6 - 6.8 % by weight

6.5 - 10.0 % by volume

Colour: < 29 EBC

# **Description**

Bottom fermented

Colour: straw yellow to light brown

Malt character: dominant with a notable body

Strong alcohol aroma

Hop bitterness and flavour: medium

Please note the colour and alcohol ranges for this category!

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# 18 German-Style Dunkler Doppelbock

### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 18.0 - 22.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 3.5 - 5.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 5.6 - 6.8 % by weight

6.5 - 10.0 % by volume

Colour:  $\geq$  30 EBC

## **Description**

**Bottom fermented** 

Colour: light brown to black

Malt character: dominant with sweet notes

No astringent roasted malt character

Full body

Strong alcohol aroma

Hop bitterness and flavour: almost pronounced

Fruity esters: low to medium

Please note the colour and alcohol ranges for this category!

# **19** Belgian-Style Blond Ale



### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 15.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 3.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.5 - 5.0 % by weight

4.5 - 6.5 % by volume

Bitterness: 15 - 40 IBU

## **Description**

Top fermented

Colour: Light to deep golden

Hop bitterness, flavour and aroma: low but noticeable

Body: light to medium, slight malt aroma

Low to medium fruity esters

Low levels of phenolic notes by means of fermentation by-products are allowed but not mandatory

Low caramel flavour allowed

No Diacetyl

Light turbidity allowed due to bottle fermentation

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# ${\color{red}20}$ Belgian-Style Strong Blond Ale

#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 15.0 - 23.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 5.0 °Plato

Alcohol: > 5.0 % by weight

> 6.5 % by volume

Colour: < 29 EBC

Bitterness: 20 - 50 IBU

## **Description**

Top fermented

Colour: straw yellow to light brown

Hop bitterness and hop aroma: slight to pronounced

Body and character: rather light body in relation to the original wort and alcohol content. The alcohol content is high, but tends not to be in the front and the character of the beer should remain rather elegant in relation to the high original gravity.

Recognizable and multi-layered fruity flavours, which mostly come from hops but can also originate from the used Belgian ale yeast.

Low to moderate levels of phenolic notes from fermentation by-products are allowed.

Herbal additions such as coriander are sometimes used, but are not traditionally common in this style of beer and therefore, if present, should not dominate.

Little to medium malt character

No Diacetyl

# **21** Belgian-Style Strong Dark Ale



#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 15.0 - 25.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.5 - 6.0 °Plato

Alcohol: > 5.0 % by weight

> 6.5 % by volume

Colour: ≥ 30 EBC

Bitterness: 15 - 50 IBU

## **Description**

Top fermented

Colour: dark amber to black

Hop bitterness and flavour: low to high

Body and character: pronounced and full-bodied with a noticeably high alcohol content. A distinct sweet malt aroma with caramel, chocolate and roasted aromas is typical, as are aromas of dried fruit. Typical yeast aromatics from Belgian yeast strains should be recognizable. Intense and alcohol-aromatic finish.

Low levels of phenolic notes from fermentation by-products are allowed

No or only very little Diacetyl notes

# **22** Belgian-Style Dubbel



#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 13.0 - 18.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.5 - 4.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 5.0 - 6.7 % by weight

6.0 - 8.0 % by volume

Bitterness: 20 - 40 IBU

## **Description**

Top fermented

Colour: dark-amber to dark-brown

Medium to full body

Malt character: sweet, nutty, chocolate-like and roasted notes

Can have a dry finish, or be slightly sweet, but the sweetness should not be cloying

Hop aroma: medium

Bitterness: medium

Hop flavour: low

Diacetyl: low or absent

Low to Medium to high levels of fruity esters (e.g. banana)

Low to medium levels of phenolic notes by means of fermentation by-products are acceptable but not mandatory

Dense and mousse-like foam

Traditional Dubbels are bottle conditioned and may have a slight yeast haze

# **23** Belgian-Style Tripel



#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 16.0 - 22.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.5 - 4.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 5.5 - 8.0 % by weight

7.0 - 10.0 % by volume

Bitterness: 20 - 40 IBU

## **Description**

Top fermented

Colour: light yellow to amber

Complex character

A mild yeast-derived spiciness with for example clove-like character (4-Vinyl-Guajacol) is acceptable but not mandatory

Herbal additions such as coriander are sometimes used, but are not traditionally common in this style of beer and therefore should not dominate.

A notable but balanced ester profile is part of the style

Body: medium to high with a balanced hops and malts accent.

A warming feeling and some sweetness might be present but not overwhelming. The finish can be quite dry. The drinkability is surprisingly high.

No roasted malt character, no Diacetyl

Hop aroma is noticeable and should be of the noble type; hop bitterness low to medium

Dense and mousse-like foam

Traditional Tripels are bottle conditioned and may have a slight yeast haze

# **24** Sour and Fruit Sour Beer



### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 5.0 - 12.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 1.5 - 3.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 2.0 - 4.5 % by weight

2.5 - 5.5 % by volume

Bitterness: 5 - 25 IBU

### Typical Examples:

- Catharina Sour
- Berliner Weiße
- Gose
- Lichtenhainer
- Broyhan

## **Description**

Bottom or top fermented

Colour: light yellow to dark brown, or according to the fruit used

If the beers were stored in wooden barrels, the overall flavour should not be affected by the wood.

Pronounced but balanced acid, either lactic acid or citric acid character; Acetic acid is allowed in low quantity, if it is integrated harmoniously in the overall flavour.

Overt, unbalanced sourness is a fault European O

A characteristic horse smell (like wet horse blanket) of Brettanomyces yeast may be present in small quantity, if harmoniously integrated.

When fruit is used, it should be largely fermented and should be in balance with the beer character.

The beers are relatively dry, a slight sweetness can round off the acid character.

Hop Bitterness: very low to medium

No Diacetyl

Turbidity is allowed

Typical representatives of "Sour Beer" are beers that have been fermented using lactic acid bacteria

Note: Sour Beers with recognizable wood barrel aging aromas should be submitted in the category "Wood and Barrel Aged Sour Beer". Classic Belgian Lambic, Geuze, and Fruit Geuze should be submitted in the designated category "Belgian-Style Geuze and Lambic". In order to facilitate sensory evaluation, it is necessary for the brewery to provide additional information about the beer when submitting the entry:

- Indication of the type of beer
- Type of fruit used during brewing



# **25** Fruit Beer

## **Analytics**

Original gravity: 8.0 - 20.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 1.5 - 4.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 2.8 - 8.0 % by weight

3.5 - 10.0 % by volume

Bitterness: 5 - 35 IBU

Typical Examples:

o Fruit Geuze (not Oude Fruit Geuze)

### **Description**

Bottom or top fermented

Colour: depends on the fruit addition

The beers of this category can be brewed with the addition of any kind of fruit or fruit juice. The fruit content should be largely fermented.

The beer and fruit should form a harmonious unit, whereby as well the respective character of the underlying beer style as a balanced and natural fruit character should be recognizable.

The fruit aroma should not seem artificial.

Overt, unbalanced sourness is a fault

The hop character should not cover the fruit character.

No Diacetyl flavour

Turbidity is allowed

All Fruit Geuze which are sweet/sour balanced and show less or now Brettanomyces character are to be submitted in this category.

Fruit beers with a pronounced milk-sour character should be submitted in the "Fruit Sour Beer" category.

Beer mixed with soft drinks or fruit juice are NOT included in this category.

The brewery should give the following, additional details of the beer during registration to facilitate the sensory evaluation:

- Type of beer
- Type of fruit used during brewing

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# **26** Wood and Barrel Aged Sour Beer

#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: > 11.0 °Plato Apparent extract: > 2.0 °Plato

Alcohol: > 4.0 % by weight

> 5.0 % by volume

#### Typical Examples:

- o Flemish or Flanders Red
- Oude Bruin
- Barrel Aged Fruit Sour

#### **Description**

Beers which have been aged in a wooden barrel over a longer period of time, or were matured in contact with wood, and therefore possess sensible sensory characteristics originating from the wood with which it was in contact (e.g. aromas reminiscent of vanilla, coconut, tobacco, caramel, honey, black tea or earthy aromas)

Due to the special ageing process, these beers can also have a very low CO<sub>2</sub> content; beers without foam can therefore also be regarded as typical of this type

Colour: light yellow to dark brown

Pronounced acidity, either of a lactic acid or citric acid character (acetic acid is allowed in small amounts)

Overt, unbalanced sourness is a fault

Hop bitterness is very low

No Diacetyl / Turbidity is allowed

A characteristic horse smell (like wet horse blanket) of Brettanomyces is allowed

The beers can be of a dry nature and their acidic character rounded off by a slight to medium sweetness

Fruity-ester aromas and slight to clear traces of their barrel fermentation are just as typical of these types of beer as aromas reminiscent of tobacco, sherry and vanilla

The brewery should give the following, additional details of the beer during registration to facilitate the sensory evaluation:

- Type of beer before being aged in barrels
- Type of wood used (new or old, oak or other wood type)
- The product that was stored in the barrel before
- Added Fruits



# **27** Italian Grape Ale (IGA)

#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 7.0 - 25.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 0.5 - 7.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 2.5 - 11.5 % by weight

3.1 - 14.5 % by volume

Bitterness: 6 - 35 IBU

#### **Description**

The grape content of this hybrid of malt and grapes can be up to 40% of the total extract. Both grapes and grape must (the latter also partially boiled down) can be used at various stages of the brewing process.

The objective of this beer style is to achieve a balance between the wine and beer character. The wide variety of raw material selection like for example the use of pale malts up to roasted malts in various brewing processes result in a very broad sensory spectrum in this beer style.

Hops aroma is rather subtle in the background

Turbidity is allowed

No diacetyl

The grape varieties used (red or white) should be recognizable.

Both classic brewing yeasts (top or bottom fermenting) or/and wild wine yeasts as well as acid-forming bacteria are permitted during fermentation. Accordingly, acid notes as well as harmoniously integrated Brettanomyces aromas are possible.

Barrel-aged versions may show typical aromas accordingly.

Note: In order to enable the tasters to assess the typicity of the grape variety(ies) used, as well as the underlying beer character, appropriate information should be provided by the sender in this regard.

- Specification of used grapes
- Specification on fermentation (top/bottom fermented, spontaneous, mixed)

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# **28** Belgian-Style Geuze and Lambic

#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 9.0 - 16.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 1.0 - 3.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 2.8 - 6.7 % by weight

4.0 - 8.0 % % by volume

Bitterness: 5 - 20 IBU

#### Typical Examples:

- Oude Fruit Lambic
- Oude Lambic
- Oude Geuze

## **Description**

Spontaneous fermentation

Colour: bright yellow to amber, or according to the fruit used

The beers of this category should be made with traditional spontaneous fermentation and aged in the old wooden barrels and therefore present complex and typical lactic acid and Brettanomyces flavours. Acetic acid may also be detectable in low concentration. Geuze is traditionally bottle conditioned and can have a relatively high concentration of carbon dioxide. Lambic, on the other hand, can be bottled with very low carbon dioxide levels or, preferably, none.

Traditional Fruit-Lambic Geuze is fermented or and matured with real fruits. Therefore, the fruit sugars should be largely fermented and only very little residual sweetness should be present, if any. The respective fruit aroma should be harmonious and recognizable.

Bitterness: very low

No or only low Diacetyl

Haze is common due to bottle fermentation

The brewery should give the following, additional details of the beer during registration to facilitate the sensory evaluation:

- Type of beer
- Type of fruit used during brewing, if applicable

# **29** Belgian-Style Witbier



#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 9.0 - 14.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 1.5 - 3.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.0 - 4.2 % by weight

3.5 - 5.2 % by volume

Bitterness: 6 - 20 IBU

#### **Description**

Top fermented

Colour: very pale bright to bright yellow

Haze should be present due to the use of raw wheat and secondary fermentation

Raw materials: malted barley, unmalted wheat and (optionally) unmalted oats

The wheat flavour should be clearly noticeable

Since the 1960's, orange-peel and coriander are added to obtain a balanced flavour but a variation of these two additives (e.g., other citrus fruits peels or other spices) is also allowed as long as the typical Witbier character is recognizable. However, Witbier has traditionally been made without spices, so, an unspiced version showcasing the wheat flavours and, possibly, some lactic acid tones, is totally acceptable.

Light to medium fruity and spicy aroma

Phenolic aromas are classically encountered but should be mild and in balance

Body: light to medium with a certain creaminess

Bitterness: low Hop aroma: hardly noticeable

Taste: slightly sour

No Diacetyl

The brewery should give the following, additional details of the beer during registration to facilitate the sensory evaluation:

Ingredients used during brewing

# **30** Belgian-Style Saison



#### **Analytics**

Gravity: 7.5 - 15.5 °Plato Extract apparent: 1.5 - 2.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 2.0 - 5.1 % by weight

2.5 - 6.5 % by volume

Bitterness: 30 - 55 IBU

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## **Description**

Colour: pale gold to dark amber.

Yeast(s): a wide range of yeasts can be used.

Historically, this style ranges from vinous and sour mix-fermented beers with wild Brettanomyces and lactic bacteria, to cleaner, Saccharomyces-only, hoppy-bitter ales.

Phenolic notes are often encountered but are not mandatory. If present, they should not overwhelm the beer but must be well-integrated.

Esters from the different microorganisms possibly involved are present, but in balance.

Cereals: any "noble" cereal can be used. 100% malted barley can be used but malted or unmalted spelt, wheat, oats or buckwheat can be added too.

The bitterness is mild to high, even for the sour versions, but, if high, it must be integrated.

For the hoppy versions, hoppy aromas of the noble or earthy type should be noticeable. They can contribute some fruitiness, especially slightly citrusy but must be balanced.

Spices are allowed, but not mandatory. Addition of fruits is not allowed.

To distinct them from other styles, an important trait is that they should have some "rustic" character, coming from either the fermentation organism(s), the grains or the hops used.

Dry finish

No diacetyl

Turbidity is allowed

# **31** Session Beer



#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 6.0 - 11.5 °Plato

Apparent extract: 1.5 - 3.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 2.0 - 3.5 by weight

2.0 - 4.5 by volume

Bitterness: 10 - 40 IBU

### Typical Examples:

- Kölsch-Style Ale
- Session Lager
- Session Pale Ale

## **Description**

Bottom and top fermented

Colour: Straw yellow to black

Body: light to medium body, light character

Malt character: low to medium

Bitterness: low to high

Hop aroma: low to high

A distinctive drinkability is typical of this category. This is achieved by brewing the beer with lower gravity or by using technology and/or recipe to match a light and easy drinking character.

No distinct Diacetyl notes

Note: "German-Style Leichtbier", "South German-Style Leichtes Weizen", "Grodziskie", "Session India Pale Ale" and "Bohemian-Style Session Lager" must be entered in their respective categories.

- In order to facilitate sensory evaluation, it is necessary for the brewery to provide additional information about the beer upon entry:
- Indication of the beer type



## **Analytics**

Original gravity: 7.7 - 8.5 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.5 - 3.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 2.0 - 2.6 % by weight

2.5 - 3.3 % by volume

Bitterness: 20 - 30 IBU

NEW CATEGORY 2023

## <u>Description</u>

Top fermented

Colour: straw yellow to yellow

Low body

Malt character: low to medium-low grainy malt character. Medium-low to medium oak smoked malt character, burning wood-like, bonfire or smoked cheese character. Sharp or ham-like smoked character is a flaw.

Hop bitterness: clean, medium-low to medium-high, short to moderately long

Hop flavour and aroma: low to medium-low spicy, herbal or floral hop character

No fruity esters or Diacetyl

The beer should appear clear, although some turbidity may occur due to pouring of the bottle

A low-gravity, light-bodied, wheat ale with a note of oak smoke in aroma and flavour, clean hop bitterness and a tall, white head with excellent retention. Crisp and dry finish. Highly-sessionable, refreshing and highly-carbonated. Often referred to as "Polish champagne."

# **33** Session India Pale Ale



## **Analytics**

Original gravity: 9.5 - 12.4 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 – 4.3 °Plato

Alcohol 3.0 - 4.0 % by weight

3.7 - 5.1 % by volume

Bitterness: 20 - 50 IBU

NEW CATEGORY 2023

## **Beschreibung**

Top fermented

Colour: straw to copper

Body: light to medium

Bitterness: medium to high

Hops aroma: medium to high, the aroma can exhibit a wide range of attributes

Fermentation characteristics: Fruity esters low to medium

No Diacetyl

**Turbidity allowed** 

# **34** Traditional-Style Pale Ale



#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 14.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 4.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.5 - 4.7 % by weight

4.5 - 6.5 % by volume

Bitterness: 20 - 40 IBU

## **Description**

Colour: gold to copper

Hop bitterness, flavour and aroma: Medium to high, however, not too dominant

Use of small quantities of traditional European (English, German or Czech) aroma hops in the cold part of the brewery ("dry hopped") is allowed

Body: Medium

Malt flavour and aroma: Low to medium, a slight caramel character is allowed

Low to medium fruity ester notes

Chill-haze acceptable in case of cold serving temperatures

Very small quantities of Diacetyl are allowed

**Turbidity allowed** 

### **35** New-Style Pale Ale



#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 14.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 4.0°Plato

Alcohol: 3.5 - 4.7 % by weight

4.5 - 6.5 % by volume

Bitterness: 25 - 45 IBU

### <u>Description</u>

Colour: Gold to copper

Hop bitterness, flavour and aroma: Medium to high, however, not too dominant

Use of small quantities of "modern" aroma hops (America, overseas, however, also German Flavour Hops) in the cold part of the brewery ("dry hopped") is allowed

Slightly flowery, fruity, citrus-type hops aromas should be identifiable

Body: Medium

Malt flavour and aroma: Low to medium, a small caramel character is allowed

Low to medium fruity ester notes

No Diacetyl

### **36** Traditional India Pale Ale



#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 12.5 - 17.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 3.0 - 4.5 °Plato

Alcohol 4.2 - 6.0 % by weight

5.2 - 7.5 % by volume

Bitterness: > 35 IBU

### <u>Description</u>

Top fermented

Colour: light gold to dark copper

Intense hop bitterness

Traditional European aroma hops (e.g. English, German or Czech) are added in the cold part of the brewery ("dry hopped")

Floral to strong aroma of hops

Malt character and body: medium

Medium hints of fruity ester

Very small amounts of Diacetyl are allowed

Chill-haze acceptable in case of cold serving temperatures

### **37** New-Style India Pale Ale



#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 12.5 - 17.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 3.0 - 4.5 °Plato

Alcohol 4.2 - 6.0 % by weight

5.2 - 7.5 % by volume

Bitterness: > 50 IBU

### <u>Description</u>

Top fermented

Colour: light gold to dark copper

Intense hop bitterness

"Modern" aroma hops (e.g. USA, New Zealand, Australia, although also New German Flavour Hops) are added in the cold part of the brewery ("dry hopped")

Floral, fruity, or citricto strong aroma of hops that can remind of resin

Malt character and body: medium

Medium to quite strong hints of fruity ester

No Diacetyl

### **38** Hazy India Pale Ale



#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 13.5 - 17.5 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.5 - 5.0 °Plato

Alcohol 4.6 - 6.5 % by weight

5.8 - 8.0 % by volume

Bitterness: 10 - 65 IBU

#### Typical Examples:

- New England-Style India Pale Ale
- Juicy India Pale Ale
- o Milkshake India Pale Ale

NEW CATEGORY 2023

### **Description**

Colour ranging from straw to golden

Top fermented w/ expressive yeast

Medium to full bodied

Malt character: low to medium, lightly bready malt in the background; no caramel or toast

Hop bitterness: Well integrated soft bitterness throughout, mostly coming from heavy dry hopping, w/ just enough to balance sweetness.

Hop flavour and aroma: very intense with stone fruit, tropical fruit, citrusy notes. High quantities "Modern" aroma hops (e.g. USA, New Zealand, Australia, although also New German Flavour Hops) in the cold part of the brewery ("dry hopped") are characteristic

Fruity esters from fermentation are allowed but must not clash with fruitiness from the hops

No diacetyl

Turbidity desired.



### **39** Imperial India Pale Ale

### **Analytics**

Original gravity: > 17.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 4.0 - 5.0 °Plato

Alcohol: > 5.5 % by weight

> 7.0 % by volume

Bitterness: > 50 IBU

### **Description**

Top fermented

Colour: straw to copper

Intense hop bitterness, flavour and aroma

Use of aroma hops in the cold part of the brewery ("dry hopped")

Flavour impression: high alcohol content

Despite of the intense hop character, a typical Imperial IPA shows a balanced fruity aroma

(from higher alcohols and esters) with a medium to intense malt character

Distinct and full body

No Diacetyl

### **40** English-Style Bitter



### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 8.5.0 - 14.9 °Plato

Apparent extract: 1.5 - 4.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 2.4 - 4.6 % by weight

3.5 - 6.5 % by volume

Bitterness: 20 - 45 IBU

#### Typical Examples:

- Ordinary Bitter
- o Best Bitter
- Special Bitter
- Extra-Special Bitter

### **Description**

Top fermented

Colour: golden to copper

Bitterness: medium to high

Body: light to medium

Low to medium residual malt sweetness

Smooth notes of Aroma Hops

Fruity esters and a very low Diacetyl content are acceptable

### **41** English-Style Golden Ale



### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 8.0 - 12.5 °Plato

Apparent extract: 1.5 - 3.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 2.2 - 4.4 % by weight

2.8 - 5.5 % by volume

Bitterness: 10 - 30 IBU

### Typical Examples:

- Summer Ale
- o Golden Ale
- o American Blonde Ale

### **Description**

Top fermented

Colour: light straw yellow to dark golden

Light malt character, sometimes with biscuit note

Bitterness: low to medium

Hop aroma slightly pronounced

After-taste: fresh and dry

Fruity esters are acceptable at low levels

Diacetyl and sulphur notes should not be noticeable

These beers are clean and have a thirst-quenching character



### <u>Analytik</u>

Typical Examples:

- o Irish Red Ale
- o American Red Ale

Original gravity: 10,0 - 15.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 1.5 - 4.6 ° Plato

Alkohol: 3.3 - 5.2 % by weight

4.5 - 6.5 % by volume

Bitterness: 15 - 40 IBU

Colour: 16 - 36 EBC

### **Description**

Top fermented

Colour: amber to red-brown

Low to medium hop bitterness

Medium to distinct malt aroma with biscuit or caramel-like notes

Low to medium distinct hop aromas

body: medium with sweet maltiness

low fruity esters notes allowed

very low amount of diacetyl is allowed if it fits to the malt body

### **43** English-Style Strong Ale



### <u>Analytics</u>

Original gravity: 14.5 - 21.9 °Plato

Apparent extract: 3.6 - 7.6 °Plato

Alcohol: 5.0 - 7.2 % by weight

6.3 - 9.1 % by volume

Bitterness: 30 - 65 IBU

Colour: 10 - 60 EBC

### Description

Top fermentation

Colour: gold-coloured to brown

Character: full body with dominant sweet maltiness and pronounced malt aromas. Aromas of nuts, caramel and toffee are just as typical as a clearly recognizable but balanced alcohol aroma.

Roasted malt flavours should be absent or only very low.

Depending on the style, fruity ester aromas of the yeast, can support the malt character.

Hop aroma rather low, hop bitterness low to medium, but always harmoniously integrated.

Diacetyl: slight expression allowed

Scotch Ales can have a peat-smoke character

Turbidity allowed

In order to facilitate the sensory evaluation, it is necessary that the brewery provides additional information on the beer during registration:

Indication of type of beer

Typical Examples:

- Wee Heavy
- Scotch Ale
- Old Ale
- Strong Golden Ale

### **44** English-Style Porter



#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 10.0 - 15.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 1.5 - 4.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.5 - 5.2 % by weight

4.5 - 6.5 % by volume

Bitterness: 20 - 40 IBU

#### Typical Examples:

- Brown Porter
- Mild Porter
- Robust Porter

### **Description**

**Top Fermented** 

Colour: medium brown to black

Roast malt flavour is acceptable, but there should be no roast barley flavour

Malt aroma: low to medium sweetness, up to low bitterness (from roast malt) with no burnt

or charcoal flavour

Medium up to full body

Medium up to high hop bitterness

Light up to medium hop aroma

Balanced fruity esters with respect to roast malt and hop bitterness

No Diacetyl

In order to facilitate the sensory evaluation, it is necessary that the brewery provides additional information on the beer during registration:

Indication of type of beer

### **45** Strong Porter



#### **Analytics**

*Typische Vertreter:* 

- Baltic-Style Porter
- Imperial Porter

Gravity: ≥ 15.0 °Plato

Extract apparent: 3.0 - 7.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 5.2 - 9.5 % by weight

6.5 - 12.0 % by volume

Bitterness: 20 - 40 IBU

### **Description**

Top-or bottom fermented

Colour: deep ruby/garnet red to black

Delicate aromas and flavours hinting at caramel, liquorice, cocoa, chocolate, roasted malt and brown sugar

The roasted malt character should not affect the bitterness or be too astringent

A slight aroma of smoke is allowed.

Top-fermented, fruity ale aromas are undesirable

Hop aromas in the background; a delicate floral aroma of hops is allowed

Due to the high original gravity, the accent is on alcohol aromas

Bitterness: slight to medium

Body: medium to full-bodied underpinned by a slight to medium malt sweetness

No Diacetyl

The brewery should give the following, additional details of the beer during registration to facilitate the sensory evaluation:

Indication of the type of beer

### 46 Stout



#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 9.5 - 16.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 4.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.2 - 5.2 % by weight

4.0 - 7.0 % by volume

Bitterness: 25 - 60 IBU

### Typical Examples:

- Dry Stout
- Oatmeal Stout
- Extra Stout
- o Foreign Stout

### **Description**

**Top Fermented** 

Colour: deep black (opaque black)

First taste: malty, coffee or bitter chocolate-like

After taste: characteristic roasted aroma from roasted malt (which often dominates the flavour but also eliminate other impressions)

Oat flakes as ingredient are possible

Depending on the Stout variant, the characteristic can range from dry-bitter to creamysweet

No Diacetyl

The brewery should give the following, additional details of the beer during registration to facilitate the sensory evaluation:

• Indication of the type of beer

### **47** Flavoured or Pastry Stout



### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 12.0 - 25.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 3.0 - 7.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 4.0 - 9.5 % by weight

5.0 - 12.0 % by volume

Bitterness: 10 - 40 IBU

### Typical Examples:

- Milk Stout
- Cream Stout
- Pastry Stout
- Coffee Stout
- Chocolate Stout

### **Description**

Top fermented

Colour: dark brown to deep black

Aroma depending on the respective additions

Intense aroma, often sweetish and creamy with a high viscosity and full body

Roasted aroma varies in intensity

Flavoring through the addition of, for example, coffee, cocoa or chocolate, as well as all ingredients commonly used for desserts, cakes or pastries.

Often addition of lactose to increase the residual sweetness.

The hops should provide a balance to the sweetness without being too prominent

For better sensorial rating it is necessary for the brewery to give additional information at the registration:

- Beer style
- All added aromas or other additives

### 48 Imperial Stout



### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 16.0 - 25.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 4.0 - 7.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 5.5 - 9.5 % by weight

7.0 - 12.0 % by volume

Bitterness: > 40 IBU

### **Description**

**Top Fermented** 

Colour: deep black

High alcohol content

Malt flavour and aroma: high

Hops and fruity esters: high levels

Bitterness: medium to high

Roast malt and bitter aromas should not fully cover the beer character

Hop aroma: smooth to floral, citrus or herbal

Diacetyl: very low

Imperial Stouts aged in wood must be submitted in Category **Wood and Barrel Aged Strong** 

Beer

### **49** Alt



### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 12.5 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 3.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.8 - 4.2 % by weight

4.8 - 5.2 % by volume

Bitterness: 20 - 45 IBU

### **Description**

Top fermented

Colour: copper to brown

Body: medium, malty flavour

Hop aroma and flavour: low to high

Altbier can be significantly hopped

The overall impression is clean, crisp, full-bodied, often with a dry finish

Low to medium fruity esters

No Diacetyl



### **50** South German-Style Leichtes Weizen

#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 6.0 - 9.8 °Plato

Apparent extract: 1.0 - 2.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 2.0 - 3.0 % by weight

2.5 - 3.5 % by volume

Bitterness: 6 - 16 IBU

### **Description**

Top fermented

Lower original gravity and lower alcohol content than Hefeweizen

The phenolic and ester aromas (typical for Hefeweizen) are perceptible but less strongly marked than for Hefeweizen

Hop aroma and flavour: not noticeable

The flavour profile is less noticeable due to the lower alcohol content

Body: lower than Hefeweizen

No Diacetyl

Yeast turbidity possible

## Brewey Tazing Why

### **51** South German-Style Hefeweizen Hell

#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 14.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 4.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.7 - 4.7 % by weight

4.6 - 5.9 % by volume

Bitterness: 10 - 20 IBU

Colour: < 18 EBC

### **Description**

Top fermented

Colour: very pale to orange

Aroma and flavour: fruity and phenolic

The phenolic characteristics are often described as clove- or nutmeg-like and they may also

be smoky or even vanilla-like

The wheat malt percentage is at least 50%

Hopping rates are quite low

Hop flavour and aroma are not noticeable

Hefeweizen is highly attenuated and shows a high carbon dioxide content

Noticeable taste of yeast

Full body

No Diacetyl

Yeast turbidity possible

## 52 South German-Style Hefeweizen Bernsteinfarben Auszung Aufgehauft.

#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 14.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 4.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.7 - 4.7 % by weight

4.6 - 5.9 % by volume

Bitterness: 10 - 20 IBU

Colour: 18 - 29 EBC

### **Description**

Top fermented

Colour: amber

Aroma and taste: fruity and phenolic, slight caramel note

Taste: pleasant malt sweetness with slight caramel or bread character

The phenolic characteristics are often described as

clove- or nutmeg-like and can be smoky or even vanilla-like

The wheat malt percentage is at least 50%, hopping rates are quite low

Hop flavour and aroma are not noticeable

Hefeweizen is highly attenuated and shows a high carbon dioxide content

Full body

No Diacetyl

Yeast turbidity possible

## Beer Breweries COMBELLING WAY

### 53 South German-Style Hefeweizen Dunkel

#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 14.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 4.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.7 - 4.7 % by weight

4.6 - 5.9 % by volume

Bitterness: 10 - 20 IBU

Colour:  $\geq$  30 EBC

### **Description**

Top fermented

Colour: light brown to black

Due to the use of dark-coloured malts the beer shows a distinct sweet maltiness and caramel or bread character

Estery and phenolic notes should be evident but subdued

Hefeweizen is high attenuated and shows a very high carbon dioxide content

The percentage of wheat malt is at least 50 %

Full body

Hop bitterness: low

Hop aroma not noticeable

No Diacetyl

Yeast turbidity possible

# BEEN TASTING AMARON OF THE PARTY OF THE PART

### **54** South German-Style Kristallweizen

#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 14.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 4.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.7 - 4.7 % by weight

4.6 - 5.9 % by volume

Bitterness: 10 - 20 IBU

### <u>Description</u>

Top fermented

Colour: light to dark yellow

Aroma and taste: slightly fruity and phenolic

The phenolic characteristics are often described as clove- or nutmeg-like and can be smoky

or even vanilla-like

The percentage of wheat malt is at least 50 %

Hop rates are quite low

Hop flavour and aroma are not noticeable

Well attenuated and highly carbonated

Contains no more yeast, so that almost no yeasty taste is noticeable

No chill-haze

No Diacetyl

Beer is filtered

## BREWERIES COMPRESSION OF THE BEER TASTING AND CO.

### 55 South German-Style Weizenbock Hell

### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 16.0 - 22.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 4.0 - 7.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 5.5 - 7.5 % by weight

6.0 - 9.5 % by volume

Colour: < 30 EBC

### **Description**

Top fermented

Colour: golden to amber

The malt sweetness is balanced by a clove-like phenolic and fruity-estery banana notes

Hop flavour and aroma: low to medium

Body: medium to full

Carbon dioxide: high

No Diacetyl

Yeast turbidity possible

# Brewen Start Colline Ender No.

### 56 South German-Style Weizenbock Dunkel

#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 16.0 - 22.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 4.0 - 7.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 5.5 - 7.5 % by weight

6.0 - 9.5 % by volume

Colour:  $\geq$  30 EBC

### **Description**

Top fermented

Colour: light brown to black

The sweetness of malt is balanced with a clove-like phenolic and fruity-ester banana notes

Hop flavour and aroma: low to medium

Carbon dioxide: high

Full-bodied

The flavour, but not the aroma, should show a mild roasted malt character

No Diacetyl

Yeast turbidity possible

### **57** New-Style Hefeweizen



### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 22.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 7.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.7 - 7.5 % by weight

4.6 - 9.5 % by volume

#### **Description**

Top fermentation

Colour: straw yellow to dark brown

Intense hop bitterness

Use of both, traditional European (e.g., English, German or Czech) and "modern" flavour hops (e.g., USA, New Zealand, Australia, but also new German flavour hops) could be used in the cold part of the brewery ("dry hopped")

Distinct hop characteristics: Depending on the hop varieties, I fruity, citrusy, floral or resinous aroma are possible

The malt sweetness is balanced by a clove-like, phenolic and fruity banana note

Body: light to full-bodied

Carbon dioxide: high

No Diacetyl

This beer may have a yeast turbidity

In order to facilitate sensory evaluation, it is necessary for the brewery to provide additional information about the beer when submitting the entry:

Indication of the type of beer

### **58** Smoke Beer



#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 15.9 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.5 - 4.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.6 - 5.4 % by weight

4.5 - 6.5 % by volume

Bitterness: 20 - 35 IBU

### Typical Examples:

- Smoke Porter
- Smoke Stout
- Smoke Weizen (Rauchweizen)

### **Description**

Bottom or top fermented

In this category, both lagers and ales with low to high smoke flavour are permitted. Smoke beer variants of other styles such as Smoke Porter or Smoke Weizen are allowed

A smoke aroma must be clearly recognizable.

The taste notes of malt, hops and smoky flavour should be balanced. Especially with cold-hopped beers there should be a harmony between the hop and smoke flavours.

Bitterness: low to medium

Hop aroma: low to medium

No Diacetyl

Beers in this category can be filtered or unfiltered

Note: Smoke beers, which fit into the Franconian Rauchbier style are to be sent in the designated category "Smoke Beer Franconian-Style".

In order to facilitate the sensory evaluation, it is necessary that the brewery provides additional information on the beer during registration:

Indication of type of beer

## Brewer Starting Why Brewer

### **59** Franconian-Style Smoke Beer

#### Analytics

Original gravity: 11.0 - 13.9 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 4.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.7 - 5.0 % by weight

4.6 - 6.5 % by volume

Bitterness: 15 - 35 IBU

### **Description**

#### **Bottom fermented**

In this category, only lagers with a recognizable up to a dominated smoke flavour should be submitted in accordance with the Franconian-Style Rauchbier.

Smoky smell and taste

The taste notes of malt, hops and smoky flavour should be balanced.

Sweet roasted malt notes recognizable.

Body: full body and creamy texture due to well-embedded carbon dioxide

Low but noticeable fine hop flavour and low to medium bitterness.

No Diacetyl



### **60** Strong Smoke Beer

#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: > 16.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 3.5 - 6.5 °Plato

Alcohol: > 5.4 % by weight

> 6.5 % by volume

Bitterness: 20 - 45 IBU

#### Typical Examples:

- Rauchbock
- o Imperial Smoke Ale
- o Imperial Smoke Porter
- o Imperial Smoke Stout

### **Description**

Top- or bottom fermented

Smoky smell and taste

The taste of malt and hops and the smoky aroma should be well-balanced

Full-bodied with low or medium hop bitterness

Tastes slightly although noticeably of hops

Hints of fruity ester in top-fermented variants should not be too pronounced

No Diacetyl

Unfiltered Strong Smoke Beers have a slight to medium haziness

Please note the compliance with the specified alcohol content when registering!

In order to facilitate the sensory evaluation, it is necessary that the brewery provides additional information on the beer during registration:

Indication of the beer type

### **61** Herb and Spice Beer



### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 7.5 - 27.5 °Plato

Apparent extract: 1.5 - 7.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 2.0 - 9.5 % by weight

2.5 - 12.0 % by volume

Bitterness: 5 - 70 IBU

### **Description**

Top- or bottom fermented

Herbs and/or spices are added during wort boiling, main or second fermentation

The hop character should not cover the spicy character

In case of addition of bold or zesty fruits (e.g. juniper) the beer must be assigned to this category

The beer may be clear or cloudy

To allow accurate judging the brewer must provide additional information about entries in this category at registration:

- List of added herbs and/or spices
- Type of beer

### **62** Honey Beer



### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 7.5 - 27.5 °Plato

Apparent extract: 1.5 - 7.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 2.0 - 9.5 % by weight

2.5 - 12.0 % by volume

Bitterness: 5 - 70 IBU

### **Description**

Top- or bottom fermented

These beers (lagers or ales) are brewed with barley malt and honey

Brewed traditional or experimental European

The flavour and aroma of honey should be noticeable but not cover the other ingredients

In order to facilitate the sensory evaluation, it is necessary that the brewery provides additional information on the beer during registration:

- Indication of the beer type
- Indication of the type of honey used

## Brewer Start On Brewer Start O

### 63 German-Style Kellerbier Hell

#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 13.9 °Plato

Apparent extract: 1.5 - 3.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.8 - 4.4 % by weight

4.5 - 6.2 % by volume

Bitterness: 18 - 25 IBU

Colour: < 30 EBC

### **Description**

**Bottom fermented** 

Colour: light yellow to amber

Body: medium, malt typical

Traces of sulphur (caused by yeast) are noticeable

Certain types show an intense hop flavour / character which, however, is balanced by malt to keep the typical characteristics

No caramel character

Hop bitterness: light to medium

Slight to evident cellar turbidity

No fruity esters or Diacetyl



### 64 German-Style Kellerbier Dunkel

#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 13.9 °Plato

Apparent extract: 1.5 - 3.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.8 - 4.4 % by weight

4.5 - 6.2 % by volume

Bitterness: 18 - 25 IBU

Colour:  $\geq$  40 EBC

### **Description**

Bottom fermented

Colour: light brown to black

Malt aroma and flavour: high

Hop bitterness: clean, balanced

The use of Munich dark malt should emphasize the chocolate-like, roasted malt or biscuit-

like aroma

Small quantities of roasted or caramel malts may be used

Hop flavour and aroma: low but noticeable

Slight up to evident cellar turbidity

No fruity esters or Diacetyl



### 65 German-Style Kellerpils

### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 13.9 °Plato

Apparent extract: 1.5 - 3.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.8 - 4.4 % by weight

4.5 - 6.2 % by volume

Bitterness: 25 - 50 IBU

### **Description**

**Bottom fermented** 

Colour: light yellow to gold

Hop bitterness: noticeable to high

Hop flavour and aroma: moderate, quite noticeable

However, the aroma may not be characterised by the use of aromatic hops in the cold block

phase ("dry hopped")

Attenuation degree: high

Body: medium

Flavour and aroma: residual sweetness

No fruity esters or Diacetyl

Dense and rich foam

Slight up to evident cellar turbidity

### **66** Beer with alternative Cereals



#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 14.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 4.0 °Plato

Alcohol: 3.9 - 4.9 % by weight

4.9 - 6.2 % by volume

Bitterness: 10 - 25 IBU

### **Description**

Top or bottom fermented

The senses should be able to discern the particular taste nuances of the type(s) of cereals and "starch providers" used (rye, spelt, triticale, millet, rice, oats, corn, single-grain corn, emmer etc.)

Taste and smell: well-balanced malty aroma through to cereal-like

Hop aroma: slight to medium

Light to full-bodied

Hop bitterness: slight to medium

Unfiltered beers can be cloudy

A taste of yeast can be clearly distinguished in top-fermented beers because the beer often contains yeast

No Diacetyl

The brewery should give the following, additional details of the beer during registration to facilitate the sensory evaluation:

- Indication of type of beer
- Indication of the added alternative cereals

### **67** Vienna-Style Lager



#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 11.0 - 13.0 °Plato

Apparent extract: 2.0 - 3.5 °Plato

Alcohol: 4.0 - 4.3 % by weight

4.8 - 5.6 % by volume

Bitterness: 15 - 25 IBU

Typical Examples:

- Red Lager
- Amber Lager
- Rotbier

### **Description**

Bottom fermented

Colour: amber to reddish brown (using special malts)

Body: medium

A slight sweet maltiness dominates over a clean hop bitterness

Malt character: light roasted, however, not caramel-like (though a low level of light caramel

is acceptable)

Flavour and aroma: slight bread or biscuit character

Hop flavour and aroma: low but noticeable

No fruity esters or Diacetyl



### 68 Wood and Barrel Aged Strong Beer

#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: > 16.0 °Plato
Apparent extract: > 4.0 °Plato

Alcohol: > 5.2 % by weight

> 6.5 % by volume

Bitterness: < 20 IBU

#### Typical Examples:

- Barrel Aged Strong Porter
- o Barrel Aged Imperial Stout
- o Barrel Aged Bock
- Barrel Aged Eisbock
- Barrel Aged Triple
- o Barrel Aged Barley Wine

#### **Description**

Top- or bottom fermented

Beers that have been aged over a longer period of time in wood barrels or in contact with wood, and which fulfil the undermentioned criteria for alcohol content

This special ageing process aims to lend the beer a specific character that is either drawn from the wood itself or from the product previously stored in the barrel

Due to the special ageing process, these beers can also have a very low CO<sub>2</sub> content; beers without foam can therefore also be regarded as typical of this type.

Hop bitterness is low

No Diacetyl

Chill-haze is acceptable

Slight to clear traces of barrel are typical of these beers, including aromas reminiscent of tobacco, sherry or vanilla

Wood and Barrel Aged Strong Beers which are characterized by an acidic taste caused during ageing have to be registered in category 26 Wood and Barrel Aged Sour Beer

The brewery should give the following, additional details of the beer during registration to facilitate the sensory evaluation:

- Indication of the type of beer
- Type of wood used (new/old, wood type)
- Previous fillings in the barrel

### **69** Ultra Strong Beer



#### Analytics

Original gravity: > 22.0 °Plato

Alcohol: > 7.9 % by weight

> 9.0 % by volume

#### Typical Examples:

- Eisbock
- o English Barley Wine
- o American Barley Wine

### **Description**

Top- or bottom fermented

These beers are often brewed by freezing a Strong Beer and removing resulting ice

Full body and high residual malty sweetness

Alcohol: Despite high ABVs, alcohol should be smooth, can be warming but never harsh

Hop aroma and bitterness: low to moderate

Fruity ester characters are noticeable but sometimes even high and counter-balanced by complex alcohol notes

Bready, biscuit-like and / or caramel flavours are often part of the character

A smoky character is allowed, the flavours of malt, hops and smoky aroma should be balanced

Very low Diacetyl content is allowed

#### These beer styles are excluded from this category (out of style):

- Imperial India Pale Ale
- Wood and Barrel Aged Strong Beer
- Wood and Barrel Aged Sour Beer

These beers must be registered in the corresponding categories

For accurate judging the brewer must provide additional information about entries in this category at registration:

Type of beer

### **70** Non-Alcoholic Lager



#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 5.0 - 13.5 °Plato

Apparent extract: 0.5 - 7.0 °Plato

Alcohol: < 0.4 % by weight

< 0.5 % by volume

Bitterness: 5 - 50 IBU

### **Description**

Colour: straw yellow to dark brown

Good and dense foam

This beer can be filtered or unfiltered

Hop aroma: low to medium

Hop bitter: low to obvious

Malt flavour / smell: very low (dealcoholized beers) depending on the production method to

very pronounced (cold contact fermentation process)

No to low fruity ester

No Diacetyl

Attenuation: very low (cold contact fermentation process) to high (dealcoholized beers)

Body: very light to medium (with pronounced sweetness)

Taste and smell: light to clear residual sweetness

Hop bitter: low to obvious

### **71** New-Style Non-Alcoholic Lager



#### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 5.0 - 13.5 °Plato

Apparent extract: 0.5 - 7.0 °Plato

Alcohol: < 0.4 % by weight

< 0.5 % by volume

Bitterness: 10 - 50 IBU

### Typical Examples:

- o Dry-hopped Non-Alcoholic Lager Beers
- Dark Non-Alcoholic Dark Lager
- Non-Alcoholic Lager with spices

### **Description**

**Bottom fermented** 

Colour: straw yellow to dark brown

Good and dense foam

This beer can be filtered or unfiltered

Hop bitterness: low to high

Hop aroma: medium to high

Use of traditional German/English/Czech or "modern" aroma hops (e.g. USA, New Zealand, Australia, but also new German flavour hops) in the cold part ("dry hopped")

Malt flavour and sweetness: very low (dealcoholized beers) to very pronounced (cold contact fermentation process) depending on the production method

Low to high fruity esters; No Diacetyl

Degree of fermentation: very low (cold contact fermentation process) to high (dealcoholized beers)

For accurate judging the brewer must provide additional information about entries in this category at registration:

Indication od type of beer

### **72** New-Style Non-Alcoholic Ale



#### <u>Analytik</u>

Original gravity: 5.0 - 13.5 °Plato

Apparant extract: 0,5 - 7.0 °Plato

Alkohol: < 0,4 % by weight

< 0,5 % by volume

Bittere: 10 - 50 IBU

#### Typische Vertreter:

- o Dry-hopped Non-Alcoholic Ale Beers
- Dark Non-Alcoholic Ales
- Non-Alcoholic Ale with spices
- Non-Alcoholic Sour Ales

### **Beschreibung**

Top fermented

Colour: straw yellow to dark brown

Good and dense foam

This beer could be filtered or unfiltered

Hop bitterness: low to high

Hop Aroma: low to high

Optional usage of traditionell German/English/Czech or "modern" aroma hops (e.g. USA, New Zealand, Australia, but new German flavour hops too) in cold part ("dry hopped").

Malt taste and sweetness: depending on production technique very low (dealcoholized beer) to very high (cold contact fermentation process)

Low to high fruity estery notes; no diacetyl

Fermentation level: depending on used method very low (cold-contact) to high (dealcoholized beer)

For accurate judging the brewer must provide additional information about entries in this category at registration:

Indication of type of beer

### **73** Non-Alcoholic Hefeweizen



### **Analytics**

Original gravity: 5.0 - 13.5 °Plato

Apparent Extract: 0.5 - 7.0 °Plato

Alcohol: < 0.4 % by weight

< 0.5 % by volume

5 - 20 IBU Bitterness:

#### **Description**

Colour: straw yellow to dark brown

Good and dense foam

This beer is unfiltered

Hop bitterness: low to medium

Hop aroma: low

Malt flavour: depending on the method of preparation, could be very low (dealcoholized

beers) to pronounced (cold contact fermentation process)

Depending on the yeast, low to high fruity ester notes; no Diacetyl

Degree of fermentation: very low depending on the method of production (cold contact fermentation process) to high (dealcoholized beers)

Body: light and dry to medium (with pronounced sweetness)

Taste and smell: low to significant residual sweetness

Note: Hop-dominated Non-Alcoholic Hefeweizen are not in this category and must be submitted in category 72 New-Style Non-Alcoholic Beer)

### Special Free-Style Beer



#### **Description**

The creativity of brewers worldwide is the driving force behind innovative new beer ideas.

Despite the many different categories of the European Beer Star, some beers cannot be classified in the previous categories. In order to give such beers the opportunity to compete at the EBS, the open special category Free-Style Beers is available.

The decisive factor for the participation and acceptance of a beer in this category is the fact that the beer does not fit into one of the existing category descriptions. If the beer still clearly fits into one of the existing categories, that beer will be judged Out-of-Style.

Due to the lack of any analytical characteristic, the rating criteria of this open category are different to those of the regular categories

- 1. Creativity of the brewer
- 2. Bouquet
- 3. Taste
- 4. Harmony
- 5. Mouthfeel
- 6. Overall Impression

Note: in order to give the judges the chance to assess the creativity of the brewer, the participant shall upload a file with the history of the submitted beer. For the file upload, the following criteria apply:

- Maximum word count: 250 words
- Text in English language
- The name of the brewery or the beer submitted must not appear in the description
- appear in the description
- Collaboration brews can be part of the story, but should not be the main part
- Text should be directed to consumers, not the Jury of experts